SAFETY DATA SHEET MASTER PRIMER

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010

SECTION 1: Identification	of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	MASTER PRIMER
Product number	SM 13003,SM 13004
Internal identification	11583; 11586
1.2. Relevant identified us	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Rust-preventing primer.
1.3. Details of the supplier	r of the safety data sheet
Supplier	Spray Master AB Fabriksvägen 5 Box 1050 S-186 26 Vallentuna Sweden
	Tel: +46 (8) 505 133 00 Fax: +46 (8) 505 133 01 Info@spraymaster.se

1.4. Emergency telephone number

National emergency telephone 112 or 999 number

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture		
Classification		
Physical hazards	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229	
Health hazards	Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Elicitation - EUH208 STOT SE 3 - H336	
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412	

2.2. Label elements



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements	 H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated H312+H332 Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH208 Contains ETHYL METHYL KETOXIME. May produce an allergic reaction.
Precautionary statements	 P102 Keep out of reach of children. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.
Contains	ETHYL ACETATE
Supplementary precautionary statements	 P261 Avoid breathing vapour/spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label). P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. Contains: Isobutane.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

	15-24.9%
EC number: 205-500-4	REACH registration number: 01- 2119475103-46
	EC number: 205-500-4

DIMETHYL ETHER		15-24.9%
CAS number: 115-10-6	EC number: 204-065-8	REACH registration number: 01- 2119472128-37
Classification Flam. Gas 1 - H220		
XYLENE		10-15%
CAS number: 1330-20-7	EC number: 215-535-7	REACH registration number: 01- 2119488216-32-0000
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
BUTANE		5-9.99%
CAS number: 106-97-8	EC number: 203-448-7	REACH registration number: 01- 2119474691-32
Classification Flam. Gas 1 - H220 Press. Gas, Compressed - H280		
ETHYLBENZENE		2.5-4.99%
CAS number: 100-41-4	EC number: 202-849-4	REACH registration number: 01- 2119489370-35
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHATE)		1-2.49%
CAS number: 7779-90-0	EC number: 231-944-3	REACH registration number: 01- 2119485044-40-0000
M factor (Acute) = 10	M factor (Chronic) = 1	
Classification Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		

ETHYL METHYL KETOXIME		0.1-0.99%	
CAS number: 96-29-7	EC number: 202-496-6	REACH registration number: 01- 2119539477-28-0000	
Classification			
Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Eye Dam. 1 - H318			
Skin Sens. 1 - H317			
Carc. 2 - H351			
PENTANE		<0.099%	
CAS number: 109-66-0	EC number: 203-692-4	REACH registration number: 01- 2119459286-30-0000	
Classification			
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225			
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 STOT SE 3 - H336			
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411			
The full text for all hazard state	ements is displayed in Section 16.		
SECTION 4: First aid measure	98		
4.1. Description of first aid me	asures		
General information	Get medical attention if any discomfort contin	nues.	
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.		
Ingestion	Drink a few glasses of water or milk. Do not induce vomiting.		
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately.		
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.		
1.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed		
General information	Solvent abuse can kill instantly.		
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or	dizziness.	
Ingestion	May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and	d intoxication.	
Skin contact	Skin irritation. May be harmful in contact with skin.		
Eye contact	Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.		
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment nee	bded	
Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendations.		
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures		
5.1. Extinguishing media			

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Extremely flammable.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear chemical protective suit. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.	
SECTION 6: Accidental release	se measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures	
Personal precautions	For personal protection, see Section 8.	
6.2. Environmental precaution	S	
Environmental precautions	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.	
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	Large Spillages: Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Small Spillages: Wipe away with paper or textile fabric. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13.	
6.4. Reference to other section	ns	
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13.	
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage	
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	ling	
Usage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Protect against direct sunlight. Avoid eating, drinking and smoking when using the product.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storag	e, including any incompatibilities	
Storage precautions	Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C. Keep container dry.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.	
SECTION 8: Exposure Contro	Is/personal protection	
8.1. Control parameters		
Occupational exposure limits		
ETHYL ACETATE		
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 400 ppm		
DIMETHYL ETHER		
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 766 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 958 mg/m³		
XYLENE		
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³		

Sk

BUTANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 600 ppm 1450 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 750 ppm 1810 mg/m³

ETHYLBENZENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 125 ppm 552 mg/m³ Sk

PENTANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 600 ppm 1800 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL

DNEL

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

DIMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 115-10-6)

Professional - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1894 mg/m³

DNEL	Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 471 mg/m ³
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0,155 mg/l - Marine water; 0,016 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 0,681 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 0,069 mg/kg - Soil; 0,045 mg/kg
	XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7)
DNEL	Professional - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 289 mg/m ³ Professional - Dermal; Short term local effects: 174 mg/m ³ Professional - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 289 mg/m ³ Professional - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 77 mg/m ³ Professional - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 77 mg/m ³
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0,327 mg/l
	PENTANE (CAS: 109-66-0)
PNEC	- water; 0,027 mg/l
8.2. Exposure controls	
8.2. Exposure controls Protective equipment	
	All handling should only take place in well-ventilated areas.
Protective equipment	All handling should only take place in well-ventilated areas. The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles or face shield.
Protective equipment	
Protective equipment Weight of the second s	The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles or face shield. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. Laminate of polyethylene and ethylene

Respiratory protection	If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Combination filter, type A2/P3.
Environmental exposure controls	Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Aerosol.	
Colour	Various colours.	
Odour	Solvent.	
Flash point	Technical impossibility to obtain the data.	
Vapour pressure	361 kPa @ 20°C	
Relative density	0,93 @ 20°C	
Solubility(ies)	Organic solvents.	
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Yes	
9.2. Other information		
Other information	Not relevant.	
Volatility	Highly volatile.	
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 630 g/litre. Category: speciallack. VOC limit: 840 g/l	
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	ctivity	
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not known.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.	
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	n products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Not known.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
11.1. Information on toxicologi	cal effects	

Toxicological effects	No data is available regarding the preparation it self.
Acute toxicity - dermal ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1,100.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	11.0
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)	1.5
General information	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.
Inhalation	May be harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Vapours have a narcotic effect.
Ingestion	May cause irritation. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhoea.
Skin contact	Irritating to skin. May be harmful in contact with skin.
Eye contact	Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.
Acute and chronic health hazards	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems. Prolonged or repeated exposure to vapours in high concentrations may cause the following adverse effects: Nausea, vomiting. Headache.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

ETHYL ACETATE

Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,620.0	
Species	Rat	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	18,000.0	
Species	Rabbit	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC∞ vapours mg/l)	5.77	
Species	Rat	
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	5.77	
		DIMETH

DIMETHYL ETHER

 Acute toxicity - oral

 Notes (oral LD₅₀)

 Not applicable.

 Acute toxicity - dermal

Revision date: 23/06/2015

Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Not applicable.
Skin contact	Risk of frostbite.
	XYLENE
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅ mg/kg)	5.0
Species	Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1,100.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ gases ppmV)	6,700.0
Species	Rat
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC∞ vapours mg/l)	6,350.0
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (gases ppm)	6,700.0
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	6,350.0
Carcinogenicity	
IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
	BUTANE
Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Not applicable.
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Not applicable.
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC∞ vapours mg/l)	20.0
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	
	ETHYLBENZENE
Acute toxicity - oral	
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	3,500.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	17,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC ₅₀ vapours mg/l)	17.2
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	17.2
Carcinogenicity	
IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
	TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHATE)
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,000.0
Species	Rat
	PROPANE
Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Not applicable.
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Not applicable.
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	20.0
Notes (inhalation LC ₅₀)	
	ETHYL METHYL KETOXIME
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	930.0
Species	Rat
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC50 vapours mg/l)	20.0
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	20.0
	PENTANE
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	400.0
Species	Rat

	Acute toxicity - dermal	
	Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅ mg/kg)	3,000.0
	Species	Rabbit
	Acute toxicity - inhalation	
	Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅∞ vapours mg/l)	364.0
	Species	Rat
	ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	364.0
SECTION 1	2: Ecological Information	
Ecotoxicity	There are	e no data on the ecotoxicity of this product.
12.1. Toxicit	<u>ly</u>	
Toxicity	No data i	is available regarding the preparation itself.
Ecological in	nformation on ingredients.	
		ETHYL ACETATE
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: 230 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅o, 48 hours, 48 hours: 154 - 717 mg/l, Daphnia magna EC₅o, 48 hours: mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	IC₅₀, 48 hours, 48 hours: 3300 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus
		DIMETHYL ETHER
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: > 4.1 mg/l, Poecilia reticulata (Guppy)
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours, 48 hours: > 4.4 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 96 hours, 96 hours: 154.9 mg/l, Freshwater algae
		XYLENE
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: 21 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours, 48 hours: 1-5 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	IC₅₀, 72 hours, 72 hours: 3-5 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum
		BUTANE
	Acute toxicity - fish	Highly volatile. LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: 24.11 mg/l,

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	Highly volatile. EC₅, 48 hours, 48 hours: 14.22 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	ETHYLBENZENE
Aguta taviaity figh	LCE0. 06 hours 06 hours: 4.2 mg/L Onsherburghus mylics (Reinhour trout)
Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: 4,2 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours, 48 hours: 2,1 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	IC₅₀, 72 hours, 72 hours: 4,9 mg/l,
	TRIZINC BIS(ORTHOPHOSPHATE)
Acute aquatic toxicity	
LE(C)₅₀	0.01 < L(E)C50 ≤ 0.1
M factor (Acute)	10
Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: 0,09 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Chronic aquatic toxicity	
NOEC	0.001 < NOEC ≤ 0.01
Degradability	Rapidly degradable
M factor (Chronic)	1
	PROPANE
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	Highly volatile. EC₅, 48 hours, 48 hours: 27.14 mg/l,
invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic	EC₅₀, 48 hours, 48 hours: 27.14 mg/l,
invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic	EC₅₀, 48 hours, 48 hours: 27.14 mg/l, , ∶ ,
invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 48 hours, 48 hours: 27.14 mg/l, , : , ETHYL METHYL KETOXIME
invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic plants Acute toxicity - fish Acute toxicity - aquatic	EC ₅₀ , 48 hours, 48 hours: 27.14 mg/l, , : , <u>ETHYL METHYL KETOXIME</u> LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: 760 mg/l, Poecilia reticulata (Guppy)
invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic plants Acute toxicity - fish Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic	EC₅₀, 48 hours, 48 hours: 27.14 mg/l, , : , <u>ETHYL METHYL KETOXIME</u> LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: 760 mg/l, Poecilia reticulata (Guppy) EC₅₀, 48 hours, 48 hours: > 500 mg/l, Daphnia magna
invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic plants Acute toxicity - fish Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic	EC ₅₀ , 48 hours, 48 hours: 27.14 mg/l, , : , <u>ETHYL METHYL KETOXIME</u> LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: 760 mg/l, Poecilia reticulata (Guppy) EC ₅₀ , 48 hours, 48 hours: > 500 mg/l, Daphnia magna IC ₅₀ , 72 hours, 72 hours: 83 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus
invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic plants Acute toxicity - fish Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC ₅₀ , 48 hours, 48 hours: 27.14 mg/l, , : , <u>ETHYL METHYL KETOXIME</u> LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: 760 mg/l, Poecilia reticulata (Guppy) EC ₅₀ , 48 hours, 48 hours: > 500 mg/l, Daphnia magna IC ₅₀ , 72 hours, 72 hours: 83 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus <u>PENTANE</u>
invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic plants Acute toxicity - fish Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates Acute toxicity - aquatic plants Acute toxicity - fish Acute toxicity - fish	EC ₅₀ , 48 hours, 48 hours: 27.14 mg/l, , : , <u>ETHYL METHYL KETOXIME</u> LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: 760 mg/l, Poecilia reticulata (Guppy) EC ₅₀ , 48 hours, 48 hours: > 500 mg/l, Daphnia magna IC ₅₀ , 72 hours, 72 hours: 83 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus <u>PENTANE</u> LC50, 96 hours, 96 hours: 4,26 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Persistence and degradability There are no data on the degradability of this product.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ETHYL ACETATE

Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable.	
	DIMETHYL ETHER	
Persistence and degradability	The product is not readily biodegradable.	
	BUTANE	
Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.	
	ETHYLBENZENE	
Biodegradation	- Degradation (%) 50: 28 days OECD 301C	
	PROPANE	
Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.	
Biodegradation	-:	
	ETHYL METHYL KETOXIME	
Biodegradation	- Degradation (%) 70: 14 days OECD 301C	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.		
Ecological information on ingredients.		
	DIMETHYL ETHER	
Bioaccumulative potential	The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.	
	XYLENE	
Bioaccumulative potential	BCF: 25,	

Partition coefficient log Pow: 3,11-3,2

BUTANE

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

ETHYLBENZENE

Bioaccumulative potential BCF: 15,

Partition coefficient log Pow: 3,15

PROPANE

Bioaccu	imulative potential	The product is not bioaccumulating.
Partition	n coefficient	:
		ETHYL METHYL KETOXIME
Bioaccu	imulative potential	BCF: 5.8.
	n coefficient	log Pow: 0,63
		PENTANE
	Imulative potential	
	n coefficient	log Pow: 3,4
12.4. Mobility in soil Mobility	No infor	mation available
Ecological informatio		
		DIMETHYL ETHER
Adsorpt	tion/desorption	Soil - Koc: ~ 7.759 @ °C
coefficie	-	
		BUTANE
Mobility	,	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.
		PROPANE
Mobility		The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.
12.5. Results of PBT	and vPvB assessn	nent
Results of PBT and v assessment	/PvB This pro	duct does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
12.6. Other adverse	effects	
Other adverse effects	s No infor	mation required.
SECTION 13: Dispos	sal considerations	
13.1. Waste treatme	nt methods	
General information	Parliame	nufacturer of this product complies with the rules and regulations of the European ent and Council Directive 94/62/EC of 20 December 1994 on packaging and ng waste, by paying packaging fees for disposal and recycling of packaging waste.
Disposal methods	-	stic lid and valve are sorted as plastic. Residues and empty containers should be are of as hazardous waste according to local and national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General

MASTER PRIMER

Aerosols may be carried domestically as limited quantities (1L) as long as each package

General	does not exceed 30 kg in cardboard boxes or 20 kg on trays with shrink- or stretch wrapping. Each package shall be marked with diamond-shaped area, the top and bottom part is black, surrounded by a line that measures at least 100 mm x 100 mm.	
14.1. UN number		
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1950	
UN No. (IMDG)	1950	
UN No. (ICAO)	1950	
UN No. (ADN)	1950	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	9	
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	AEROSOLS	
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	AEROSOLS	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	AEROSOLS	
Proper shipping name (ADN)	AEROSOLS	
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	<u>s)</u>	
ADR/RID class	2.1	
ADR/RID classification code	5F	
ADR/RID label	2.1	
IMDG class	2.1	
ICAO class/division	2.1	
ADN class	2.1	
Transport labels		
2		
14.4. Packing group		
Not applicable.		
14.5. Environmental hazards		
Environmentally hazardous sul No.	bstance/marine pollutant	
14.6. Special precautions for user		
EmS	F-D, S-U	
ADR transport category	2	
Tunnel restriction code	(D)	

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not relevant. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

National regulations	COUNCIL DIRECTIVE of may 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers.
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information		
General information	A review of safety data sheet with staff to manage the product recommended.	
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4 - H312: Calculation method. Acute Tox. 4 - H332: Calculation method.	
Revision comments	NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.	
Issued by	Bark	
Revision date	23/06/2015	
Revision	4	
Hazard statements in full	 H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H373 May cause damage to organs (Hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH208 Contains ETHYL METHYL KETOXIME. May produce an allergic reaction. 	

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.